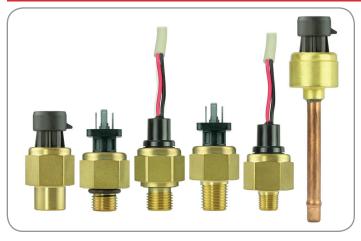
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Issue F

**Datasheet** 



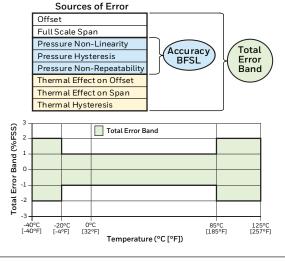
#### **DESCRIPTION**

Honeywell's PX3 Series Heavy Duty Pressure Transducers use piezoresistive sensing technology with ASIC (Application Specific Integrated Circuit) signal conditioning in a brass housing and Metri-Pack 150, DIN, or cable harness electrical connections. The PX3 Series is calibrated and temperature compensated from -40°C to 125°C [-40°F to 257°F].

#### **VALUE TO CUSTOMERS**

Total Error Band (TEB) ±1.0 %FSS from -20°C to 85°C: Provides indication of the sensor's true measurement performance over a specified temperature range; small error promotes system uptime and efficiency. (See Figure 1.)

Figure 1. TEB Definition and Temperature Performance



- Higher insulation resistance and dielectric strength: Protects the user and sensor in high over-voltage situations, and ensures that the device is compliant with industry standards.
- Higher EMC performance: Operates more reliably in the presence of electro-magnetic fields, such as near wireless signals, RF communication, and electrical devices.
- Higher external freeze/thaw resistance: Survives exposure to frost, commonly found in refrigeration systems. (See Figure 2.)

# Figure 2. PX3 Series External Freeze/Thaw Resistance



- Reduced current consumption: Helps to reduce energy costs, and enhances product life if used in battery driven systems.
- Media compatibility: Common HFC (hydrofluorocarbon) refrigerants (R410A and R134A), next generation low global warming potential (GWP) refrigerants (R448A/ Solstice\* N40, R32 and R1234ZE), engine oil, petroleumbased hydraulic fluids, brake fluids (DÖT3), and dry air. For ammonia and other corrosive media, see Honeywell's SPT Series.

#### **DIFFERENTIATION**

- Optional diagnostics mode: Beneficial in applications where the sensor functionality and the need to know internal or external failure modes is critical.
- Great customer value: Multiple configuration possibilities provide flexibility of use in the application with no upfront NRE or tooling charges.
- Durable: Provides the tough environmental specifications needed, including insulation resistance and dielectric strength, external freeze-thaw resistance (see Figure 2), and EMC performance.
- 4 mA to 20 mA output is temperature compensated up to 125°C.

#### **FEATURES**

- Pressure range: 1 bar to 50 bar | 15 psi to 700 psi (absolute and sealed gage)
- Ratiometric output: 0.5 Vdc to 4.5 Vdc or 0.33 Vdc to 2.97 Vdc
- 4 mA to 20 mA output supports transmission of output signals over longer distances
- Calibrated and temperature compensated
- Total Error Band: ±1.0 %FSS from -20°C to 85°C [-4°F to 185°F]
- External freeze/thaw resistance: 6 cycles from -30°C to 50°C [-22°F to 122°F]
- Insulation resistance: >100 MOhm, 1500 Vdc (in dry, nonionized air)
- Dielectric strength: AC1500V, 1 min. or AC1800V, 1 s (in dry, nonionized air)
- Current consumption: 3.5 mA max.
- EMC (radiated immunity): 200 V/m (ratiometric voltage output), 140 V/m (current output) per ISO 11452-2
- Ingress protection IP67 (Metri-Pack connector), IP69K (cable harness), IP65 (DIN connector)
- RoHS, REACH, and CE compliant
- Six industry-standard pressure port types, including a tube port which provides for hermetically-sealed process connection

#### **POTENTIAL APPLICATIONS**

- Industrial: Refrigerant pressure monitoring in HVAC/R systems; dry air system pressure, process controls and automation
- Transportation: Dry air system monitoring; hydraulic, brake, and engine oil fluid pressure monitoring; air brake pressure monitoring

The PX3 Series is not recommended for use with media involving water, saturated air such as steam and vapor, and ammonia.

#### **PORTFOLIO**

Honeywell's PX3 Series joins the PX2 Series, MLH Series, and SPT Series heavy duty pressure transducers.

#### **Table 1. Electrical Specifications**

Characteristic	Parameter
Supply voltage: ratiometric voltage output: 5 Vdc 3.3 Vdc current output: -40°C to 100°C >100°C to 125°C	5 Vdc ±0.25 Vdc 3 Vdc ±0.25 Vdc 8 Vdc to 30 Vdc 8 Vdc to 25 Vdc
Over voltage and reverse voltage: ratiometric voltage output current output	±16 Vdc ±35 Vdc
Current consumption: 5 Vdc supply 3.3 Vdc supply	3.0 mA max. 1.6 mA to 2.1 mA
Short circuit protection	yes
Nominal output transfer function: 5 Vdc supply 3.3 Vdc supply 8 Vdc to 30 Vdc supply	0.5 Vdc to 4.5 Vdc (ratiometric to supply) 0.33 Vdc to 2.97 Vdc (ratiometric to supply) 4 mA to 20 mA

#### Table 2. Performance Specifications (At 25°C [77°F] and under unless otherwise noted.)

Characteristic	Parameter
Operating temperature range <sup>1</sup>	-40°C to 125°C [-40°F to 257°F]
Storage temperature range <sup>1</sup>	-40°C to 125°C [-40°F to 257°F]
Compensated temperature range	-40°C to 125°C [-40°F to 257°F]
Total Error Band <sup>2</sup> : -20°C to 85°C [-4°F to 185°F] <-20°C, >85°C [<-4°F, >185°F]	±1.0 %FSS ±2.0 %FSS
Accuracy BFSL <sup>3</sup>	±0.25 %FSS
Response time	<2 ms (10% to 90% step change in pressure)
Turn on time <sup>4</sup>	<7 ms
EMC rating <sup>5</sup> : surge immunity (all leads) electrostatic discharge radiated immunity fast transient burst immunity to conducted disturbances radiated emissions radiated immunity: ratiometric (voltage) output 4 mA to 20 mA (current) output	$\pm 1000\text{V}$ line to ground per IEC 61000-4-5 $\pm 4\text{kV}$ contact, $\pm 8\text{kV}$ air per IEC 61000-4-2 $10\text{V/m}$ (80 MHz to 1000 MHz) per IEC 61000-4-3 $\pm 1\text{kV}$ per IEC 61000-4-4 $3\text{V}$ per IEC 61000-4-6 $40\text{dB}_\mu\text{V}$ (30 MHz to 230 MHz), 47 dB $_\mu\text{V}$ (230 MHz to 1000 MHz) per CISPR 11 $200\text{V/m}$ per ISO 11452-2 $140\text{V/m}$ per ISO 11452-2
Insulation resistance <sup>6</sup> : ratiometric voltage output current output  Dielectric strength	>100 MOhm at 1500 Vdc >100 MOhm at 1000 Vdc <1 mA at 1500 Vac (1 min) or 1800 Vac (1 s)
Load resistance <sup>6</sup> : ratiometric voltage output current output	>5 kOhm (V <sub>in</sub> - 8) x 50 Ohm
Life	>10 million full scale pressure cycles over the calibrated pressure range

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Dependent on seal material. See Figure 5.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Total Error Band: The maximum deviation from the ideal transfer function over the entire compensated temperature and pressure range. Includes all errors due to offset, full scale span, pressure non-linearity, pressure hysteresis, pressure non-repeatability, thermal effect on offset, thermal effect on span, and thermal hysteresis.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Accuracy: The maximum deviation in output from a Best Fit Straight Line (BFSL) fitted to the output measured over the pressure range at 25°C [77°F]. Includes all errors due to pressure non-linearity, pressure hysteresis, and pressure non-repeatability.

 $<sup>^4</sup>$  Turn on time: Duration from power applied until first valid output for voltage output. Typical value for  $^4$  mA to  $^2$ 0 mA output.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Tested using 1,5 m [59.1 in] long cable.

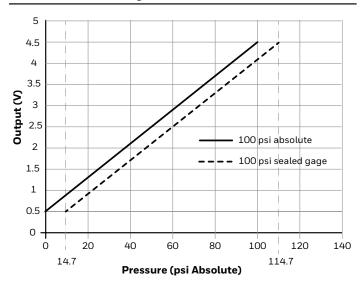
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Tested in dry, non-ionized air.

**Table 3. Pressure Reference Definitions** 

Pressure Reference	Definition
Absolute	Output is calibrated to be proportional to the difference between applied pressure and a fixed reference to perfect vacuum (absolute zero pressure).
Sealed gage <sup>1</sup>	Sensor construction is identical to the absolute version with a built in reference at zero pressure in order to minimize measurement error over temperature. The output is calibrated to be proportional to the difference between applied pressure and a reference of 1 standard atmosphere (1.013 barA   14.7 psiA). Example: 100 psi sealed gage has a calibrated pressure range from 14.7 psi absolute to 114.7 psi absolute. (See Figure 3.)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Sealed gage option only available in pressure ranges at or above 8 bar | 100 psi.

Figure 3. Ratiometric Output Option AA for 100 psi, **Absolute vs Sealed Gage** 



**Table 4. Pressure Ratings** 

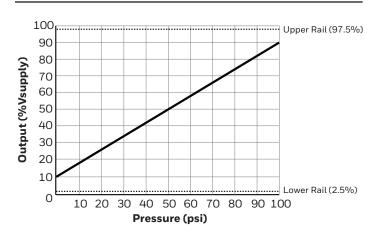
bar			psi		
Operating Pressure	Over- pressure	Burst Pressure	Operating Pressure	Over- pressure	Burst Pressure
1	5	8	15	70	115
1.6	5	8	30	150	250
2	10	17	50	250	400
2.5	10	17	100	450	750
4	17	27	150	450	750
6	31	51	174	450	750
8	31	51	200	450	1150
10	31	51	250	450	1150
12	31	51	300	1000	1500
16	32	80	500	1000	1500
20	69	103	600	1000	1500
25	69	103	667	1000	1500
30	69	103	700	1000	1500
35	69	103	-	-	-
40	69	103	-	-	-
46	69	103	-	-	-
50	69	103	-	-	-

#### Diagnostics Mode (For Ratiometric Voltage Output Only)

The PX3 Series diagnostics mode allows the device to indicate when internal or external faults occur. If an internal fault occurs, the output will rail to the preset lower or upper limit values shown in Figure 4 and Table 5.

External faults will result in the sensor's output exceeding those preset limits (lower or upper). (For example, if the external sensor ground (signal) were lost, the sensor output would exceed the upper rail of 97.5%.)

Figure 4. Analog Output with Diagnostics



**Table 5. Output Transfer Function Codes** 

Fault Condition	Analog Diagnostic Rail	
EEPROM Corrupt	below lower rail	
Sensor Bridge Open (any element)	above upper rail	
Sensor Bridge Short (any element)	above upper rail	
Low supply voltage	below lower rail	
Loss of ground connection	above upper rail	

PX3 Series, 1 bar to 50 bar | 15 psi to 700 psi

#### Table 6. Environmental and Mechanical Specifications

Characteristic	Parameter
Shock: threaded ports tube port	100 G per MIL-STD-202G, Method 213B, Cond. F (at 25°C [77°F]) 100 G per MIL-STD-202F, Method 213B, and Condition C
Vibration: threaded ports tube port	20 G sweep, 10 Hz to 2000 Hz (at 25°C [77°F]) 10 Hz to 55 Hz, 2 mm displacement, tested as per IEC 60068-2-6; Test FC. (at 25°C [77°F])
Ingress protection: Metri-Pack 150 electrical connector DIN electrical connector Cable harness electrical connector	IP67 IP65 IP65, IP67, IP69K
Ambient humidity	0 %RH to 95 %RH, non-condensing
External freeze/thaw resistance	>6 cycles from -30°C to 50°C [-22°F to 122°F]
Wetted materials: threaded ports external seals for ports tube port braze filler internal O-ring media seal sensing element and substrate adhesives	brass C36000; lead (Pb) content: 3.7% max. nitrile copper UNS C12200; lead (Pb) free silver and copper alloy seal material based on application (see seal material media compatibility options below) alumina, glass, silicon epoxy
Internal O-ring material media compatibility <sup>1</sup> : HNBR (option H) silicone (option S)	refrigerants, engine oil, petroleum-based hydraulic fluid dry air
Electrical connector material	PBT 30% GF

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Honeywell can assist with selecting suitable O-ring seal material for the media based on the seal manufacturer's recommendation. The customer should test the compatibility with the media to ensure that it is correct for the application.

#### **CAUTION**

#### PRODUCT DAMAGE TO TUBE PRESSURE PORT TYPE DURING BRAZING

Ensure that the temperature of the brass port and plastic connector is maintained below 125°C during flame brazing. Exposure to temperatures higher than 125°C can cause permanent product damage and can compromise ingress protection leading to short circuits.

Failure to comply with these instructions may result in product damage.

#### CAUTION

#### PRODUCT DAMAGE DUE TO MECHANICAL ISSUES

- Ensure torque specifications are determined for the specific application. Values provided are for reference only. (Mating materials and thread sealants can result in significantly different torque values from one application to the next.)
- When using mating parts made of stainless steel, use a thread sealant with anti-seize properties to prevent thread galling. Ensure the sealant is rated for the application.
- Use appropriate tools (such as an open ended wrench or deep well socket) to install transducers.
- Always hand-start transducers into the hole to prevent cross threading and damage.
- Ensure that torque is not applied to the electrical connector.
- Ensure that the proper mating electrical connector with a seal is used to connect the transducer. Improper or damaged seals can compromise ingress protection, leading to short circuits.

Failure to comply with these instructions may result in product damage.

#### CAUTION

#### PRODUCT DAMAGE DUE TO PARTICULATES AND SATURATED AIR

Ensure that filters and dehumidifiers are used upstream of the transducers to keep media flow free of large particulates and condensed moisture. PX3 Series transducers are dead-end devices. Particulate accumulation may clog the port or damage the diaphragm. Condensing moisture may affect sensor output and lower insulation resistance.

Failure to comply with these instructions may result in product damage.

#### CAUTION

#### PRODUCT DAMAGE DUE TO CONDUCTIVE MEDIA

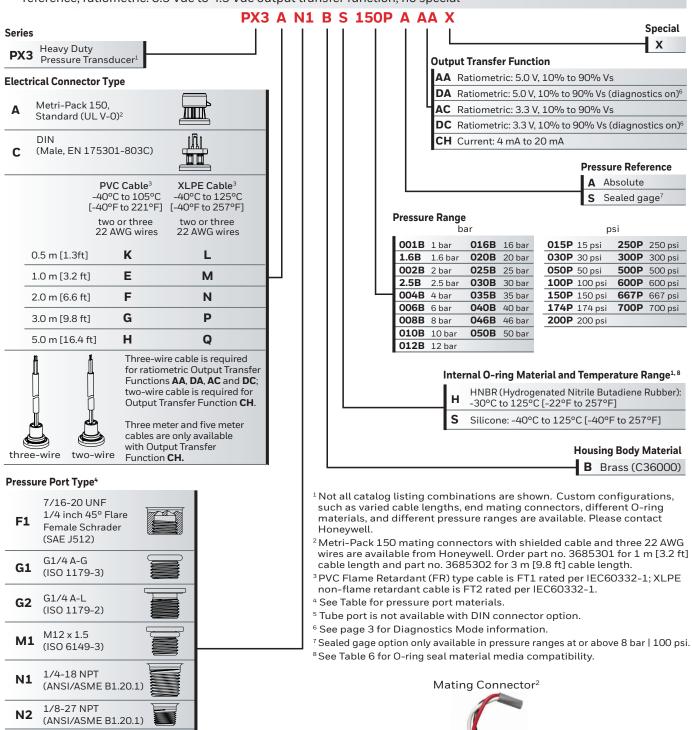
Ensure sensor is not used with conductive or ionic media. These media can affect sensor output and lower insulation resistance. **Failure to comply with these instructions may result in product damage.** 

PX3 Series, 1 bar to 50 bar | 15 psi to 700 psi

Figure 5. Nomenclature and Order Guide

T1 Tube<sup>5</sup>

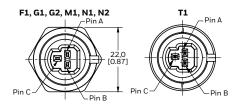
For example, PX3AN1BS150PAAAX defines a PX3 Series Heavy Duty Pressure Transducer, Metri-Pack 150, standard (UL V-0) electrical connector type, 1/4-18 NPT pressure port type, brass housing body, silicone: -40°C to 125°C [-40°F to 257°F] seal material and temperature range, 150 psi pressure range, absolute pressure reference, ratiometric: 0.5 Vdc to 4.5 Vdc output transfer function, no special



PX3 Series, 1 bar to 50 bar | 15 psi to 700 psi

#### Figure 6. Metri-Pack Mounting Dimensions (For reference only. mm/[in].)

#### **Pinout**



#### Ratiometric Voltage Output Pin A = Ground

Pin B = V+ Pin C = Vout

#### **Current Output**

Pin A = Return Pin B = Supply Pin C = Not connected

#### General product marking



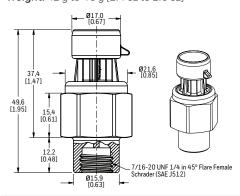
## F1: 7/16-20 UNF 1/4 inch 45° Flare Female Schrader (SAE J512)

Seal: 45° cone

Mating geometry: SAE J512

Installation torque: 17 N m [12.5 ft-lb] max.

**Weight:** 41 g to 46 g [1.4 oz to 1.6 oz]



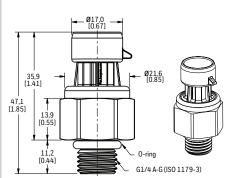
#### G1: G1/4 A-G (ISO 1179-3)

Seal: O-ring (included)

Mating geometry: ISO 1179-1

Installation torque: 15 N m [11.1 ft-lb] max.

**Weight:** 35,1 g to 40,1 g [1.2 oz to 1.4 oz]

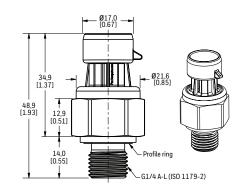


#### G2: G1/4 A-L (ISO 1179-2)

Seal: ISO 9974-2/DIN 3869 profile ring (included) Mating geometry: ISO 1179-1

Installation torque: 15 N m [11.1 ft-lb] max.

Weight: 35,1 g to 40.1 g [1.2 oz to 1.4 oz]

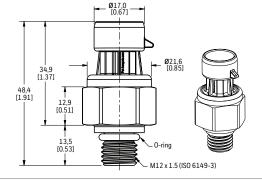


#### M1: M12 x 1.5 (ISO 6149-3)

Seal: O-ring (included)

Mating geometry: ISO 6149-1

Installation torque: 12 N m [8.85 ft-lb] max. Weight: 33,9 g to 38,9 g [1.2 oz to 1.4 oz]

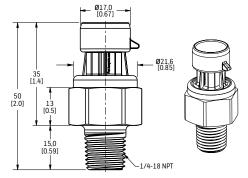


#### N1: 1/4-18 NPT

Seal: Pipe thread

Mating geometry: ANSI B1.20.1

Installation torque: Two to three turns from finger tight Weight: 35,1 g to 40,1 g [1.2 oz to 1.4 oz]



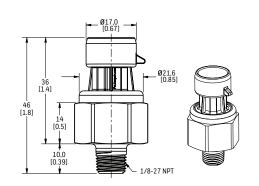
#### N2: 1/8-27 NPT

**Seal:** Pipe thread

Mating geometry: ANSI B1.20.1

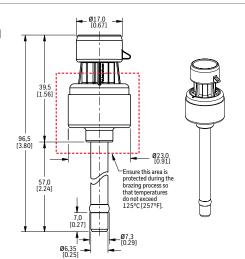
Installation torque: Two to three turns from finger tight

Weight: 31,2 g to 36.2 g [1.1 oz to 1.3 oz]



#### T1: Tube

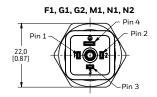
Seal: Brazing Weight: 32 g [1.1 oz]



PX3 Series, 1 bar to 50 bar | 15 psi to 700 psi

#### Figure 7. DIN Mounting Dimensions (For reference only. mm/[in].)

#### **Pinout**



#### Ratiometric Voltage Output

Pin 1 = Ground Pin 2 = V+ Pin 3 = Vout Pin 4 (PE) = Not connected

**Current Output** 

Pin 1 = Return

Pin 2 = Supply Pin 3 = Not connected Pin 4 (PE) = Not connected

# General product marking Yellow lettering

#### F1: 7/16-20 UNF 1/4 inch 45° Flare Female Schrader (SAE J512)

Seal: 45° cone

Mating geometry: SAE J512

Installation torque:  $17\ N\ m\ [12.5\ ft-lb]\ max.$  Weight:  $42\ g\ to\ 47\ g\ [1.5\ oz\ to\ 1.7\ oz]$ 

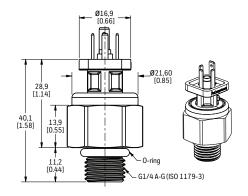
42,6 [1.68] 7/16-20 UNF 1/4 in 45° Flare Female Schrader (SAE J512)

#### G1: G1/4 A-G (ISO 1179-3)

Seal: O-ring (included)

Mating geometry: ISO 1179-1

Installation torque: 15 N m [11.1 ft-lb] max. Weight: 36,1 g to 41,1 g [1.3 oz to 1.4 oz]



#### G2: G1/4 A-L (ISO 1179-2)

Seal: ISO 9974-2/DIN 3869 profile ring (included)

Mating geometry: ISO 1179-1

Installation torque: 15 N m [11.1 ft-lb] max. **Weight:** 36,1 g to 41,1 g [1.3 oz to 1.4 oz]

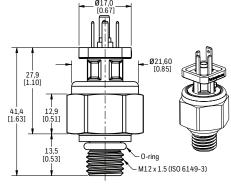
> Ø21,60 [1.10] 12,9 Profile rina G1/4 A-L (ISO 1179-2)

#### M1: M12 x 1.5 (ISO 6149-3)

Seal: O-ring (included)

Mating geometry: ISO 6149-1

Installation torque: 12 N m [8.85 ft-lb] max. Weight: 34,9 g to 39,9 g [1.2 oz to 1.4 oz]

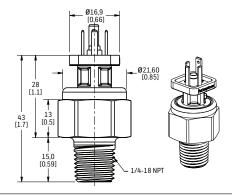


#### N1: 1/4-18 NPT

Seal: Pipe thread

Mating geometry: ANSI B1.20.1

**Installation torque:** Two to three turns from finger tight **Weight:** 36,1 g to 41,1 g [1.3 oz to 1.4 oz]

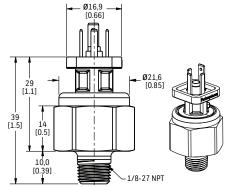


#### N2: 1/8-27 NPT

Seal: Pipe thread

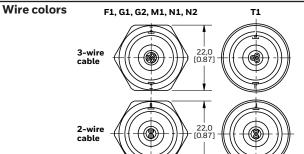
Mating geometry: ANSI B1.20.1

**Installation torque:** Two to three turns from finger tight **Weight:** 32,2 g to 37,2 g [1.1 oz to 1.3 oz]



PX3 Series, 1 bar to 50 bar | 15 psi to 700 psi

Figure 8. Cable Harness Mounting Dimensions (For reference only. mm/[in].)



Voltage Output Black = Ground Red = V+ White = Vout

**Current Output** Black = Return Red = Supply



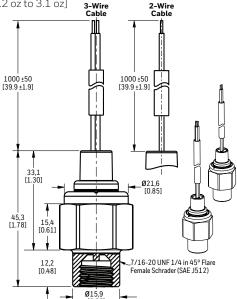
#### F1: 7/16-20 UNF 1/4 inch 45° Flare Female Schrader (SAE J512)

Seal: 45° cone

Mating geometry: SAE J512

 $\textbf{Installation torque:}\ 17\ N\ m\ [12.5\ \text{ft-lb}]\ max.$ 

**Weight:** 90 g to 88 g [3.2 oz to 3.1 oz]

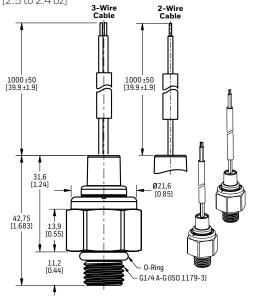


#### G1: G1/4 A-G (ISO 1179-3)

Seal: O-ring (included)
Mating geometry: ISO 1179-1

Installation torque: 15 N m [11.1 ft-lb] max.

**Weight:** 70 g to 68 g [2.5 to 2.4 oz]



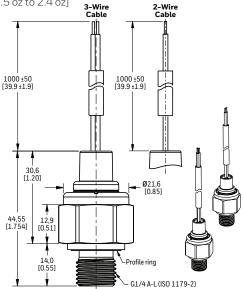
#### G2: G1/4 A-L (ISO 1179-2)

Seal: ISO 9974-2/DIN 3869 profile ring (included)

Mating geometry: ISO 1179-1

Installation torque: 15 N m [11.1 ft-lb] max.

Weight: 70 g to 68 g [2.5 oz to 2.4 oz]



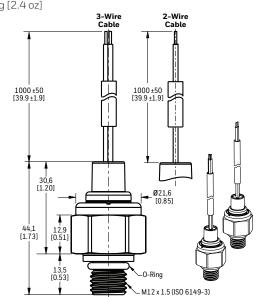
#### M1: M12 x 1.5 (ISO 6149-3)

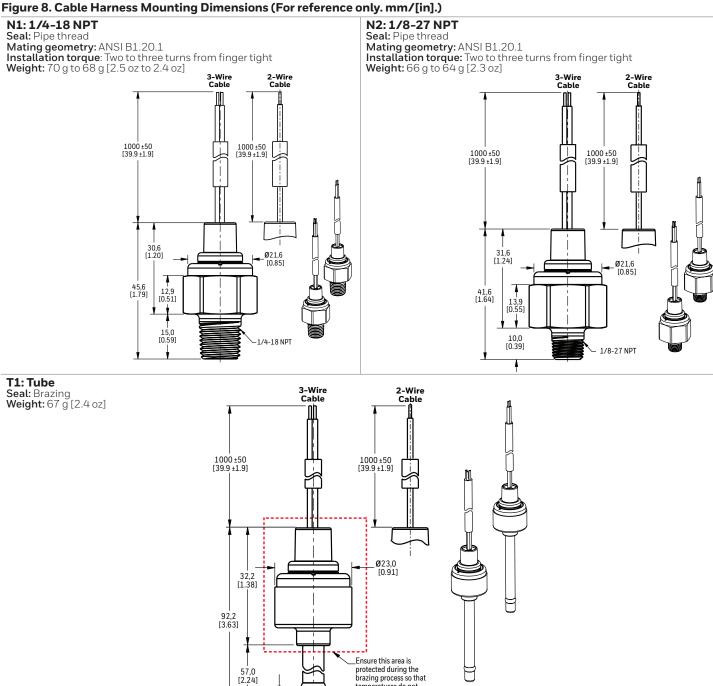
Seal: O-ring (included)

Mating geometry: ISO 6149-1

Installation torque: 12 N m [8.85 ft-lb] max.

**Weight:** 69 g to 67 g [2.4 oz]





temperatures do not exceed 125°C [257°F].

Ø7,3 [0.29]

7,0 [0.27]

Ø6,35